

Representative Jason Hughes Vice Chairman

# Fiscal Year 2026 Executive Budget Review OVERVIEW

House Committee on Appropriations House Fiscal Division

March 24, 2025

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## **2025 Budget Hearings**

## House Committee on Appropriations

## **BUDGET HEARINGS**

#### March – April 2025

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
<b>24 - March</b> Overview HB1 Preamble Executive Department Ancillary Appropriations	<b>25</b> Veterans Affairs State Treasury Public Service Commission Transportation & Dev.	26 Secretary of State Lieutenant Governor Culture, Rec. and Tourism Department of Revenue Attorney General	27	28
<b>31</b> Agriculture and Forestry Department of Insurance Economic Development Workforce Commission	<b>1 - April</b> Energy & Nat Resources Environmental Quality Civil Service Wildlife and Fisheries	2	3	4
<b>7</b> Corrections Services Public Safety Services Youth Services	8 La. Dept. of Health Children and Family Services LSU Health Care Services	9 Special Schools & Commissions Dept. of Education Higher Education	10	11
14 2025 Regular Session Convenes Follow-up Day Judiciary	15 Public Testimony	16	17	18

Note: This calendar is a tentative schedule. The House Committee on Appropriations may meet on additional topics and on additional days, as needed.

## Louisiana House Fiscal Division

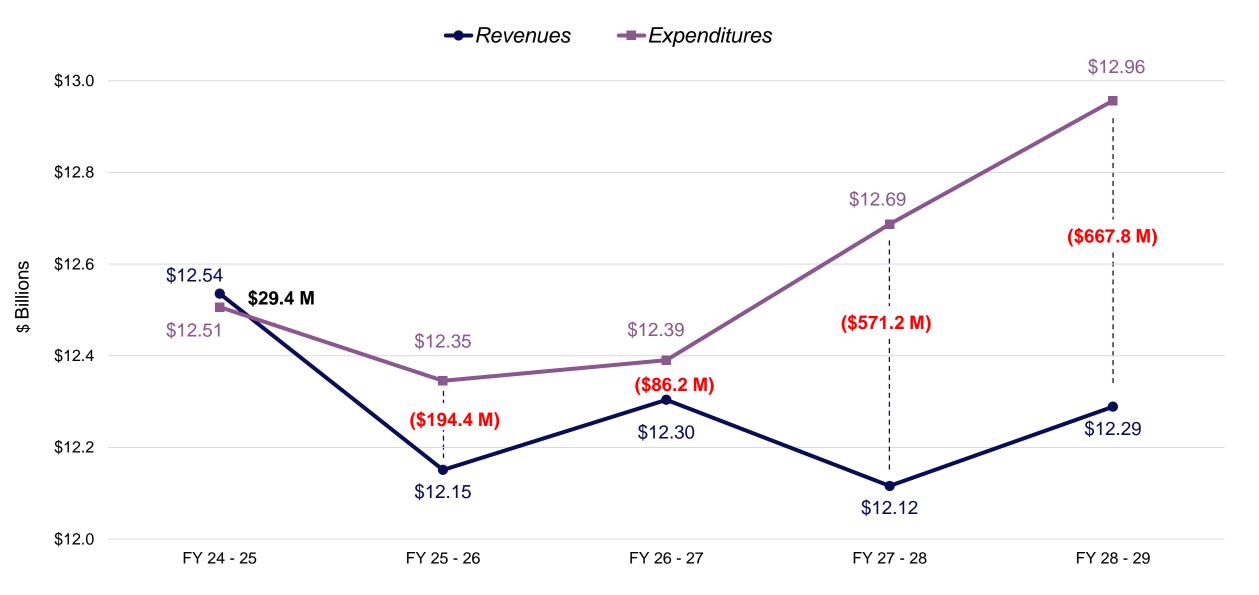
#### HFD website includes:

- Staff contacts with subject matter assignments
- Budget hearing schedule
- Budget presentations
- Budget tracker updated throughout session
- Historical budget information

https://house.louisiana.gov/housefiscal/



### **REVENUE VS EXPENDITURE PROJECTIONS**



Source: Five year baseline projection presented to JLCB on 2.20.25.

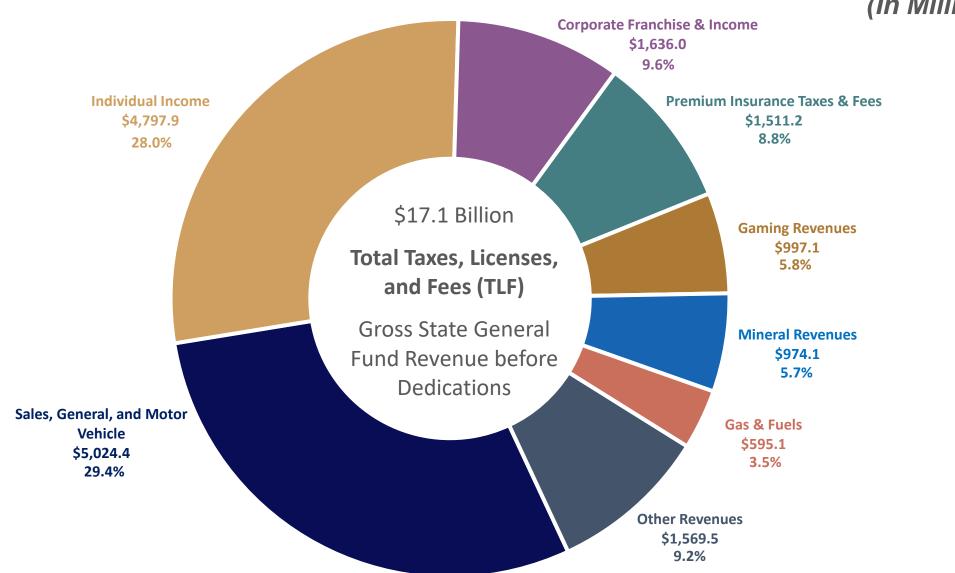
## **REC TAXES, LICENSES, AND FEES (TLF)**

- Collections of gross state general fund revenue is the total taxes, licenses, and fees (TLF)
- TLF minus dedications is state general fund direct (SGF)

In Fiscal Year 24:

- Sales taxes and personal income taxes represented 57.4% of all revenue collected
- Corporate sales tax and franchise tax represented 9.6% of all revenue collected
- Mineral revenues represented 5.7% of all revenue collected

## FY 24 ACTUAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS



(In Millions)

Source: Revenue Estimating Conference documents

## **ACTUAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS**

#### (In Millions)

Revenue Source	FY 20	FY 21	FY 22	FY 23	FY 24	\$ Change FY 23 FY 24	% Change FY 23 FY 24
Sales, General, and Motor Vehicle	\$ 3,769.6	\$ 4,207.3	\$ 4,970.8	\$ 5,000.2	\$ 5,024.4	\$ 24.2	0.5%
Individual Income	3,780.3	3,956.6	4,556.1	4,654.6	4,797.9	143.3	3.1%
Corporate Franchise & Income	578.5	805.4	1,402.1	1,616.8	1,636.0	19.2	1.2%
Premium Insurance Taxes & Fees	1,029.5	1,121.0	1,204.1	1,394.8	1,511.2	116.4	8.3%
Gaming Revenues	780.5	915.2	1,000.2	1,003.4	997.1	(6.3)	-0.6%
Mineral Revenues	552.7	408.8	709.4	1,124.6	974.1	(150.5)	-13.4%
Gas & Fuels	581.2	609.9	621.2	598.4	595.1	(3.3)	-0.6%
Other Revenues	1,170.5	1,208.4	1,138.5	1,264.1	1,569.5	305.4	24.2%
Total TLF	12,242.8	13,232.6	15,602.4	16,656.9	17,105.3	448.4	2.7%
Less Dedications	(2,411.4)	(2,767.8)	(3,867.5)	(4,226.3)	(4,462.7)	(236.4)	5.6%
SGF Direct	9,831.4	10,464.8	11,734.9	12,430.6	12,642.6	212.0	1.7%

- In FY 24 total TLF revenues increased by \$448.4 M or 2.7% from FY 23
- In FY 24 SGF revenues increased by \$212 M or 1.7% from FY 23

## **REVENUE CHANGES**

In the 2024 Third Extraordinary Session, the legislature enacted several pieces of legislation that will affect the revenue forecast.

#### • Individual Income Tax

> 3% flat tax rate beginning January 1, 2025

#### Corporate Tax

- ➤ 5.5% flat rate beginning January 1, 2025
- Corporate franchise tax repealed on January 1, 2026
- > New limits on corporate tax credits, deductions, and other incentives beginning January 1, 2025

#### • General Sales Tax

- Expands the sales tax base to include digital audio or audiovisual works, audio books, games, applications, periodicals, and other digital products and services beginning January 1, 2025
- > 5% sales tax rate beginning January 1, 2025, then decreasing to 4.75% on January 1, 2030

## Division of Administration State Economist Revenue Discussion

## FY 24 Surplus FY 25 Excess

## **SURPLUS VS EXCESS**

#### Surplus

- Funds from prior fiscal year
- Amount of state general fund remaining once a fiscal year is over and all closeout activities are finished
- Non-recurring money
- Constitution limits use to six items

#### **Excess**

- Funds in current fiscal year
- Typically occurs if REC raises the forecast during the current fiscal year
- Recurring money
- Constitution does not limit uses as with non-recurring money

## SURPLUS – USE OF NON-RECURRING FUNDS

La. Const. Art. VII, Sec. 10: appropriations of money in the official forecast designated as non-recurring shall be made only for:

- 1. Deposit into the Budget Stabilization Fund (**25% required**)
- Payments against the state retirement systems' unfunded accrued liability (25% required)
- 3. Retiring or the defeasance of bonds
- 4. Funding for capital outlay projects in the comprehensive state capital budget
- 5. New highway construction for which federal matching funds are available
- 6. Deposit into the Coastal Protection and Restoration Fund

## FY 24 SURPLUS - \$595.1 M

#### \$297.5 M required for two items:

- \$148.8 M Budget Stabilization Fund 25% requirement
- \$148.8 M Unfunded Accrued Liability Payments 25% requirement

#### Remaining \$297.5 M can be used for any of the six options in the constitution.

 The commissioner of administration recommended using the remaining surplus on DOTD, CPRA, and capital outlay (deferred maintenance) during the presentation of the governor's executive budget to JLCB on February 20, 2025

## FY 25 Excess - \$29.4 M

- The Revenue Estimating Conference met on December 19, 2024 and increased the current year state general fund revenue forecast
- The February 20, 2025 fiscal status statement showed \$29.4 M in unappropriated state general fund revenue for FY 25

During the governor's executive budget presentation to JLCB on February 20, 2025 the commissioner of administration recommended using any excess funds on the following:

- Agency shortfalls such as Corrections, OJJ, State Police, and GOHSEP
- Transfer to Funds for higher education deferred maintenance, LED project commitments, IT modernization projects, criminal justice, Water Sector Fund, and Transportation Trust Fund

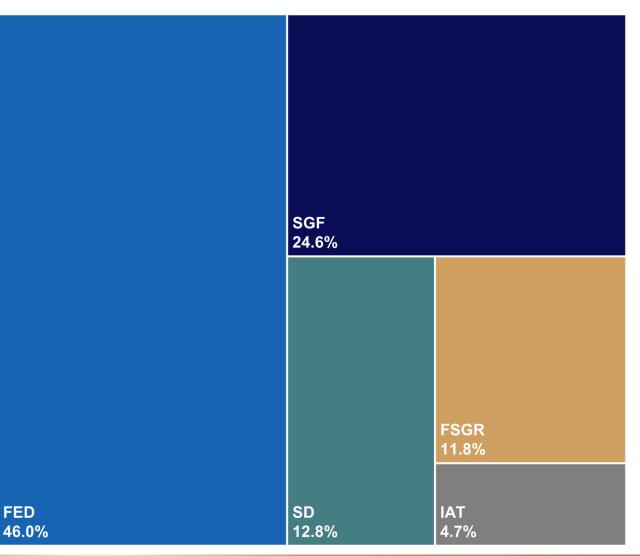


## FY 26 STATE BUDGET RECOMMENDATION

### Total Funding = \$49,426,410,276

Means of Finance									
State General Fund	\$	12,151,100,000							
Interagency Transfers		2,334,965,086							
Fees & Self-generated		5,856,562,237							
Statutory Dedications		6,326,242,841							
Federal Funds		22,757,540,112							
Total	\$	49,426,410,276							

- **\$45 B** total budget without double counts
  - Two major components of the \$4.5 B in double counts are \$2.3 B in Interagency Transfers and \$2 B in Ancillary Bill (agencies) self-generated funds



## FUNDING COMPARISON

Means of Finance	FY 24 Actual Expenditures	FY 25 sting Operating Budget 12/1/24	FY 26 HB1 Budget	Change Existing Operating Budget to HB1		Change Actual Expenditures to HB1		
SGF	\$ 11,970,119,716	\$ 12,494,095,454	\$ 12,151,100,000	\$	(342,995,454)	(2.7%)	\$ 180,980,284	1.5%
ΙΑΤ	2,240,738,810	2,401,357,441	2,334,965,086		(66,392,355)	(2.8%)	94,226,276	4.2%
FSGR	5,364,866,751	5,821,098,088	5,856,562,237		35,464,149	0.6%	491,695,486	9.2%
Stat Ded	6,438,380,654	7,561,426,840	6,326,242,841		(1,235,183,999)	(16.3%)	(112,137,813)	(1.7%)
Federal	21,049,165,502	22,130,926,437	22,757,540,112		626,613,675	2.8%	1,708,374,610	8.1%
Total	\$ 47,063,271,433	\$ 50,408,904,260	\$ 49,426,410,276	\$	(982,493,984)	(1.9%)	\$ 2,363,138,843	5.0%

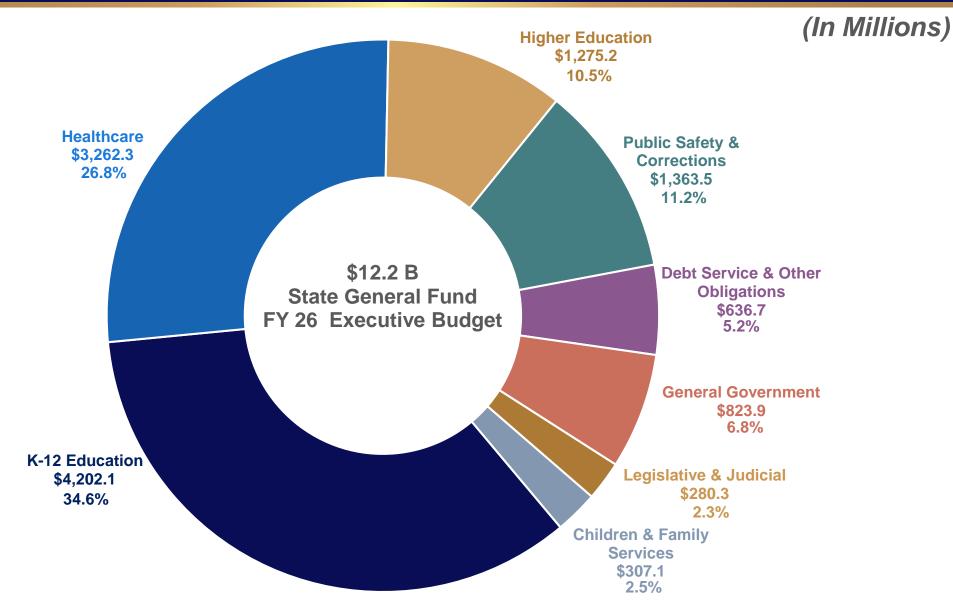
## FY 25 EXISTING OPERATING BUDGET

The FY 2024-25 Existing Operating Budget (EOB) was frozen on December 1, 2024. This point-intime reference is used in both the Executive Budget and the General Appropriations Bill.

Means of Finance	Appropriation Mid-Year Adjustments		Existing Operating Budget		
State General Fund	\$ 12,067,768,287	\$	426,327,167	\$	12,494,095,454
Interagency Transfers	2,385,375,919		15,981,522		2,401,357,441
Self-generated Revenue	5,778,411,247		42,686,841		5,821,098,088
Statutory Dedications	7,410,005,277		151,421,563		7,561,426,840
Federal	21,991,728,095		139,198,342		22,130,926,437
Total	\$ 49,633,288,825	\$	775,615,435	\$	50,408,904,260

Mid-year Adjustments Summary								
July	August	September	October	November				
\$334,575 IAT	\$ 447.3 M SGF 10.6 M IAT 40.1 M FSGR 147.3 M SD 135.0 M FED \$ 780.2 M Total	\$ (20.9 M) SGF 4.0 M IAT 1.9 M FSGR (10.6 M) SD \$ (25.4 M) Total	\$ 751,032 IAT 769,496 FSGR 14.7 M SD 4.2 M FED \$ 20.5 M Total	No Change				

## **STATE GENERAL FUND BY CATEGORY**



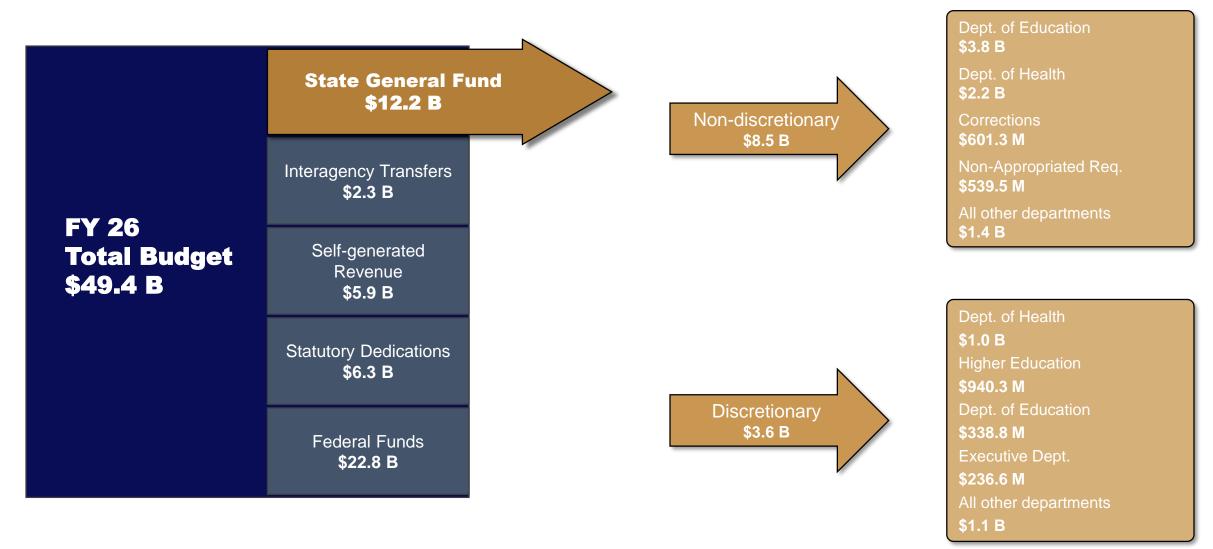
## STATE GENERAL FUND BY CATEGORY

Category	FY 24 Actuals	FY 25 Existing Oper. Budget	FY 26 Executive Budget	% Change FY 25 - FY 26
K-12 Education	\$4,244,700,300	\$4,295,892,940	\$4,202,102,421	(2.18%)
Healthcare	\$2,605,261,948	\$3,185,275,246	\$3,262,271,323	2.42%
Higher Education	\$1,399,055,764	\$1,317,419,835	\$1,275,165,701	(3.21%)
Public Safety, Corrections, and Youth Services	\$1,239,972,611	\$1,328,272,111	\$1,363,502,356	2.65%
Debt Service and Other Obligations	\$1,016,727,338	\$665,889,385	\$636,722,186	(4.38%)
General Government	\$909,557,223	\$1,099,999,197	\$823,926,649	(25.10%)
Legislative & Judicial	\$266,345,255	\$280,336,867	\$280,336,867	0.00%
Children & Family Services	\$288,499,277	\$321,009,873	\$307,072,497	(4.34%)
Total	\$11,970,119,716	\$12,494,095,454	\$12,151,100,000	(2.75%)

## **DISCRETIONARY AND NONDISCRETIONARY EXPENSES**

- The Legislative Fiscal Office (LFO) is required to review the proposed executive budget for the ensuing fiscal year and report to the legislature whether the budget recommends appropriations out of the state general fund and dedicated funds for health care as contained in Schedule 09, La. Dept. of Health, and for higher education as contained in Schedule 19, Higher Education and La. State University Health Sciences Center Health Care Services Division, in amounts less than the appropriations for either purpose as contained for the same schedules in the existing operating budget for the current fiscal year
- If LFO reports that this is the case, the General Appropriation Bill (GAB) must provide separate recommendations for discretionary and nondiscretionary expenditures and the means of financing such expenditures which are subject to appropriation
- On February 27, 2025 LFO reported conditions requiring separate recommendations for discretionary and nondiscretionary expenditures in the GAB is present and the bill must be filed with this separation

### **DISCRETIONARY EXPENSES**



\*Figures may not add precisely due to rounding\*

## **FY 26 NONDISCRETIONARY SGF**

